



Grown By
K.C.STANFORD

BLOEM ERF STELLENBOSCH SOUTH AFRICA



EVERY year we have new plants to send out, the supply appears inexhaustible, but before we can distribute them we must test their merit from a horticultural standpoint. I only list those so tested.

After my recent lecture tour in America and the interest shown there, I am expecting a big demand for seed. Unfortunately, the U.S.A. may not import bulbs from South Africa; therefore, those who want bulbs and have not the patience to grow them from seed should apply to their own nurserymen for them. Mr. E. O. Orpet, Bulb Grower of Santa Barbara, California, has been specialising in these things for some time, and has good stocks.

All can grow the brilliant annuals, which come easily and quickly from seed anywhere.

Price of bulbs 5/- per doz., unless otherwise stated.

Price of seed 1/6 per packet or 2/- if marked *—that is, 40 and 50 cents respectively in U.S.A. coinage.

Bulbs sent out January to May; seeds all the year.

Wholesale lists to nurserymen and florists sent on request.

*KINDLY MAKE PAYMENT IN POST OFFICE MONEY ORDERS.

Lists of Seeds and Plants of Mesembrianthemums, Aloes and Small Succulents sent on request.

Bulbous Plants.

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AGAPANTHUS.

Agapanthus umbellatus—The blue African Lily. Stems 4-5 ft. Heads of deep blue blooms.

Var. 1. Same, but flowers dead white.

*Var. 2. Flowers month later. 6 ft. stems. Flowers pale blue. *Var. 3. Mountain variety, 1 ft. stems. Flowers very deep blue.

All these are evergreen.

*A. species. Deciduous.—Good heads, blue flowers, about 2 ft.

These plants make no corns or tubers and mostly very little root-stock and resent disturbance, therefore, only seed will be supplied. The seed germinates easily and they soon become established if planted out in the seedling stage.

ARISTEA.

Aristea spiralis—Very delicate pale blue flowers on one foot stems.

A. Ecklonis—Effective sprays of sky-blue flowers packed closely together.

A. capitata—5 ft. sprays of deep blue flowers. When growing in masses on the hillsides it resembles clumps of delphiniums.

A. cyanea—Plants make neat tufts, which, in the spring, are covered with

intensely blue flowers.

A. dichotoma—Closely resembles A. cyanea, but flowers midsummer and later.

A. platycaulis—Plants make big clumps. Flowers on 3 ft. stems, individual blooms. Large. Blooms for a long period.

BABIANA.

Babiana stricta—Crocus-like flowers of very deep blue. Excellent for borders or the rock garden. 4/- per dozen, 25/- per 100.

*B. stricta rubro-cyanea—Deep blue flowers with brilliant red centres. One of the showiest of the Cape flowers. Only seed available.

B. villosa—Flowers from deep red to pale lavender. 3/6 per dozen.

B. plicata—Dwarf, very early flowering. Lavender flowers marked with primrose and purple. Sweet scented. 3/6 per dozen.

B. sulphurea—The biggest of the Babianas, 1 ft. spikes of large white or cream flowers.

*B. MacOwanii-Flowers good yellow with maroon centres. 7/6 per doz.

*Bringens (Antholyza ringens)—An outstanding species, brilliant scarlet blooms, 1 ft. Plant provides a special perch for visiting Honey birds. 10/- per doz.

*CLIVIA miniata—Heads of deep apricot-coloured flowers of 12 in.—15 in.

CYRTANTHUS.

Cyrtanthus Mackenii—White Ifafa Lily. Resembles a hyacinth, but flowers in an umbel. Sweet scented, blooms winter. 4/- per dozen.

C. O'Brienii-Similar to C. Mackenii, but flowers are a bright clear red.

C. parviflorus—Flower slightly smaller than C. O'Brienii, but flowers an even brighter red.

*C. obliquus—Very large pendulous red blooms, tipped green. 1/6 each.

- *C. sanguineus—Most beautiful of all. Flowers large, horizontal, cerise. 1/6 each.
- **C.** lutescens—Good yellow blooms, 1 ft. stems. 6/- per dozen. **C.** hybrids—Mixed colours, good pink and red and cream.

GLADIOLUS.

Gladiolus blandus—Known as "the fairest Gladiolus," typical "Painted Lady" colouring. 1-1½ ft., up to 20 blooms on a stem often branched.

G. cardinalis—"The Superb Gladiolus," long sprays of large carmine-red flowers with white throat markings outlined in dark red. Likes moist, shady situation.

G. gracilis—The earliest to bloom, 1-2 ft. high, very graceful, flowers blue or buff marked with yellow on the lower lip. One of the prettiest.

*G. hirsutus-Large deep pink blossoms, striped white. Sweetly scented. Very

robust and handsome. 7/6 per doz.

G. angustus-Very branched, of the "Painted Lady" type, with very long narrow perianth tube.

*G. odoratus Very desirable species, winter blooming, flowers large, marked brown or maroon. Very sweet hyacinth scent. Price 10/- per dozen.

G. alatus or Kalkoenje-A very distinct type, useful in hybridizing. Large flowers terra-cotta, with green or yellow on lower segments. scented. 6 in.-1 ft. 3/6 per dozen.

G. psittacinus variety Hookeri-Heights 5 ft., 14-20 large blooms on strong stems. Flowers brilliant scarlet with orange on lower lip. Flowers late

autumn.

- G. tristis—Height 1 ft., two or three large blooms on a stem; good creamy yellow marked brown on outside of segments. Flowers early spring.
- G. grandis—Resembles G. tristis, but flowers are larger and 2-3 on a stem, usually reddish-brown or bronze, mottled with yellow. A most attractive flower of perfect form with pointed, waved segments. Very sweetly scented in evening, flowers midsummer. 4/- per dozen.
- *G. orchidflorus-Very sweetly scented. 1-12 ft. high. Five blooms open at a time. Chocolate brown with yellow green on lower lip. 7/6 per dozen.
- *G. Watermeyeri-Flowers very early spring, scented. Flower large, resembling G. alatus. Cream, veined crimson. 7/6 per dozen.
 - G. brevifolius-Very dainty. Pink and blue. Flowers end of summer, leaves later. Charming pot plant.

G. Namaquensis—Very large edition of G. alatus, leaves wide with distinct red edge. Very rare. 2/- per dozen. Bulbs 10/- per dozen.

*c. Papilio—Very graceful, stems 2 ft. or more. Blossoms large buff-coloured bells with maroon blotches on lower lip. Flowers closely resemble butterflies, blooms midsummer or later.

GEISSORHIZA.

Geissorhiza hirta—Resembles a Babiana. Flowers in two shades of old rose. 3/6 per dozen.

G. secunda—Flowers many, small. Good shade of blue. 3/6 per dozen.

G. hirta (variety)—Flowers very large, brilliant blood red. One of the most strikingly beautiful of the spring flowers. 7/6 per dozen.

HYPOXIS.

*Hypoxis stellata—Large golden-yellow stars on 6 in. stems. Bulbs 10/- per

*H. stellata var. elegans—Large star-shaped white flowers with conspicuous peacock eye. Flower very early spring. 7/6 per dozen.

H. obtusa-Flowers large, golden-yellow. Foliage grey and hairy. Summer flowering.

HESPERANTHA.

H. Buhrii—Charming species. Flowers remain closed until 4 p.m. when rose pink segments open and flowers show dazzling white.

H. angusta-New species. Segments of flowers reflexed, very sweetly scented.

HOMERIA.

Flowers resemble Morea, but plant has a different habit. Flowers fleeting, but opening in succession so that they have a good flowering period.

*Homeria ochroleuca—Flowers early spring, good yellow flowers with orange centres. Very showy. 7/6 per dozen.

*H. Comptoni—Flowers larger and more brilliant centres, flaming pink or cerise. A splendid species, 10/- per dozen.

HAEMANTHUS.

Haemanthus coccineus—Very large blood-red flowers on thick spotted stems. Flowers end of summer, leaves later. 6/- per dozen. dozen, 7/- per 100.

H. Katharinae-Very beautiful species, 1/6 each. Excellent for pot culture.

Seed, 1/6 per dozen, 10/- per 100.

H. Natalensis-Spring flowering. Good heads of brilliant red flowers on 15 in. stem. 1/6 each.

KNIPHOFIA.

Kniphofia aloides—Flowers spring and again in autumn. 5 ft. stems. Flowers red and yellow.

K. near K. longicollis-Blooms spring. Stems 1-12 ft. Flowers clear yellow

and red. Very free-flowering.

*K. near K. MacOwanii—Blooms midsummer. 2-3 ft. Fierv orange and red. Very free-flowering.

*K. sp. from Knysna, near K. aloides-Flower heads larger, better shaped and darker in colour. Leaves darker and saw-edged.

All these come easily from seed and as they are never really dormant that is the safest way to order.

IXIA.

Ixia patens—Large rose pink blossoms on stem 2-2½ ft. 4/- per dozen.

I. maculata—Cream blooms with black centres. 3/6 per dozen.
I. Duckettiae—Orange blooms, black centres. 2 ft. stems. 3/6 per dozen.

I. flexuosa—Very delicate stems, pink flowers. 3/- per dozen.

I. lutea (variety)—Flowers deep yellow, red on outside of segments. 3/6 per

*I. viridiflora-The famous Green Ixia of the Cape. Stems 3-4 ft., flowers duck's-egg green with black centres. 7/6 per dozen.

I. viridiflora (variety)-Same habit. Flowers blue on outside of segments and pink on opening. Very attractive 4/- per dozen.

I. scariosa—Very early flowering. White, blossoms large, Good for pots. 3/6 per dozen.

*I. ovata—Flower blood-red and very conspicuous. One of the best, 6/- per

*I. monadelpha—Blooms midsummer. Flowers large, beautiful China blue with soft brown centre. One of the best.

LAPEYROUSIA.

*Lapeyrousia grandiflora—Large freesia-like flowers in carmine red. only.

L. cruenta—Very much the same, but smaller. 4/- per dozen.

*L. corymbosa—Good heads of brilliant blue flowers, excellent for rock garden or pots. 5/- per dozen.

LACHENALIA.

Lachenalia aurea—Flowers deep orange on good long stems; flowers early.

L. rubida—Flowers very brilliant pink. Flowers very early.

L. pustulata—Flowers yellowish, slightly scented. 4/- per dozen.

L. orchioides—Flowers greenish, shading to mauve. 4/- per dozen.

L. unifolia-Very pretty. Flowers sky blue, shading to pink.

L. purpureo-coerulea—Good lavender blue flowers, very showy later.

*L. pendula-Very large red flowers tipped green. Stems 1 ft. Blooms winter. 7/6 per dozen.

L. unicolor—Flowers pale blue or white.

ML. new species—Resembles L. unicolor, but flowers are a good lavender blue. L. glaucina—The best of the blue Lachenalias. Glaucous grey foliage, spotted stems and leaves and electric blue flowers. 10/- per dozen.

*L. suaveolens-Flower stems 1 ft. to 12 ft. Tightly packed purple flowers

shading off to green. Very distinct.

MOREA.

Morea iridioides-A robust plant flowering all the year, stems 4 to 5 ft. Blooms white, large, with gold club-shaped markings on falls.

M. spathacea-Large vellow blooms with brown mark on falls, leaves 4 to 5

M. bicolor—Charming species, blooms deep cream with brown marks on falls, outlined in orange shading into orange dots.

M. tristis-Stems about 6 in Flowers buff or greyish-brown. 4/- per dozen.

*M. tripetala-Dainty pale blue flowers, very early spring. Stems 1 ft.

*M. villosa (Hybrids)—Our loveliest spring flower. Height 1 to 12 ft. Flowers in varying shades of mauve, bronze, yellow, and white, all with definite peacock eye. 10/- per dozen.

*M. villosa-As above, but flowers all blue or mauve, with peacock eye. 8/-

per dozen.

M. isopetala—Plant covered with deep blue flowers. Afternoon flowering. Excellent for rock-gardens. 4/- per dozen.

- M. incurva—Beautiful violet blossoms with deep purple markings. Afternoon flowering. 6/- per dozen.
- ramossissima—Plant 2 to 3 ft. Covered at midsummer with brilliant yellow bloom. Continues in bloom until late autumn. Very hardy and

M. vespertina-Opens after 4 p.m. Profuse bloomers. Flowers a lovely layender blue. Most attractive in the garden. Flowers summer.

*M. edulis-Large flowers in shades of yellow and blue. Very free flowering. 6/- per dozen.

*M. edulis var.-Flowers a few weeks later. Taller. Flowers pure white. 6/- per dozen.

ORNITHOGALUM.

Ornithogalum Arabicum-Very large species. White globe-shaped flowers with shining black centres.

.O. thyrsoides-The Cape Chincheringchee. Height 2 to 3 ft. White starlike flowers with brown centres. 3/6 per dozen, 21/- per 100.

O. lacteum-Flowers smaller than the last, pure white on delicate stems.

- *O. splendens-Magnificent species. Large orange-red blooms on 2 ft. stems. Very scarce. 10/- per dozen.
- O. aureum-Orange or yellow flowers resembling O. thyrsoides. Height 1 ft.
- O. (double)-Probably a double form of O. thyrsoides, but flowers later and is very distinct. Very attractive, remaining in bloom for months. Very much resembles a fine Tube-rose. New to cultivation. 7/6 per dozen.

O. Fergusoniae—A newly discovered species. Flowers from cream and buttercup yellow to orange. Height 9 in.

- O. Saundersae-A giant white flowered species, 4 to 5 ft., blooming late in summer. Requires very dry conditions.
- *O. speciosum-Resembles O. splendens, but the large orange-red blossoms have a dark spot on each of three outer segments. 7/6 per dozen.
- O. van der Merweii-Excellent new deep yellow with brown centres and cupshaped flowers.

O. Hermannii-Good new species. White blooms. Very free flowering.

O. suaveolens-Charming new miniature yellow, scented, 6/- per dozen. Charming for small pots.

O. maculatum-Deep yellow with spot on outer segments of flowers. Shorter than O. aureum.

SPARAXIS.

- Sparaxis tricolor—Very gay and free flowering, early spring. Flowers orange, brown or brick-red with all intermediate colours. 3/- per doz., 12/6 per 100.
- S. grandiflora—Cream—Tall free-flowering. 2/- per dozen, 10/- per 100.
- S. grandiflora—Purple—The most beautiful Sparaxis. Large flowers a deep velvety purple. 4/- per dozen.
- S. Pillansii—Very tall species. Flowers old rose with yellow centres. 3/6 per dozen.
- **S. bulbifera**—Very distinct and attractive species. Flowers a good clear yellow. 4/- per dozen.
- *S. Bloem Erf hybrids—Very tall and large flowered, in shades of crimson, deep amethyst or yellow.

 Seeds of any of these species sown in autumn and kept growing will bloom the following spring.
- **YS. speciosa**—Very showy species. Quite distinct blooms a month later. Flower on 1 ft. stems. Brilliant cerise. Bulbs 10/- per dozen. Seed very scarce.

TRITONIA.

- *Tritonia hyalina—Flowers deep salmon or orange on dark stems. Prices 3/6 per dozen, 25/- per 100.
- T. deusta—Deep orange flowers with large brown spot on each of the three outer segments.
- T. lineata—Taller than the others. Flowers cream with darker veins. Prices 2/6 per dozen, 10/- per 100.
- T. scillaris—Very attractive, early flowering. 6 inch spikes of tiny deep pink flowers. Charming for the rock garden or pots in greenhouse.
- T. crispa—Quite distinct from the other Tritonias on my list. Very sturdy, blooms large cream or pale pink with maroon markings, like the "Painted Lady" Gladiolus.
- *T. crocata—Resembles T. hyalina, but without the transparent centre to the flower.

WATSONIAS.

Watsonias may be divided roughly into two classes, those that bloom in spring or early summer, becoming dormant in the hot weather, and those which flower from midsummer onwards and are evergreen. The first class likes a hot dry situation in well-drained soil, while the second likes plenty of moisture the year round. The first nine on this list come under the first heading.

- Watsonia meriana (variety)—Colour good rose pink. A more compact habit of blooming than the type and more showy. A very desirable species, good for cut flowers. £1 15s. per 100.
- W. angusta—Height 5 ft., flowers scarlet, resembling the improved Montbretias.
 - W. aletroides—Height 1½ to 2 ft. A very attractive plant. Spike of flowers resembles that of a large Lachenalia. Flowers brick red and pendulous.
 - W. roseo-alba—Very pretty pink and white flowers with long, twisty segments. Height 1 to 1½ ft.
- W. Versfeldii (variety alba)—Resembles the well-known W. Ardenii, but the flowers are rounder and somewhat larger. Stems 5 ft. A profuse bloomer. 4/- per dozen.
- W. marginata—Height 4 to 5 ft. Delicate sprays of numerous lavender-pink blooms. Excellent for cutting.
 - W. rosea—The common pink Watsonia of the mountain slopes. Very robust.
- W. Beatricis—An excellent late-flowering Watsonia. Strong, 5 ft. stems of large flowers. Every shade of salmon, orange, terra-cotta and flame.

*W. Stanfordiae-One of the most beautiful. Height 4 to 5 ft., flowers very large on thin stems. Colour from deep crimson to maroon. Very distinct species. 7/6 per dozen.

W. Pillansii-Flowers large and clear orange. Foliage yellow-green. Height

3 to 4 ft. Blooms Winter. Splendid for cutting.

W. Galpini—A most attractive species, growing in or near water. Long, delicate sprays of cerise or carmine flowers. Flowers autumn. 7/6 per

W. densiflora—A very distinct and attractive species. Crowded white blooms with shining brown brachts. Scented. These require water in summer only, may be taken up and kept in sand in winter.

W. densiflora (var.) - Same, but flowers pinky-lilac.

W. tabularis (hybrids)—Showiest of all. Flower midsummer, stems 5 ft., large flowers in the most glorious range of colour. 6/- per dozen.

New Watsonia species, at present not named:

1. Flowers orange. Large regular blooms on delicate stems, grey-green foliage. Height 2 ft.

2. Taller, flowers deeper orange. More robust foliage, dark flower stems.

3. Large orange red flowers. Very wide leaves, 5 ft.

4. Large salmon pink flowers, 5 ft.

Miscellaneous Bulbs.

Amaryllis Belladonna-Large heads of lily-like flowers, pale pink or white. Flowers late summer, leaves appear later. 2/6 per dozen.

Amonganthus sp.—Resembles a brilliant yellow Cyrtanthus. Stem 1 ft.

*Brunsvigia gigantea—Flowers arranged as a candelabra, bright pink. When seeds are ripe flower stalks become detached and roll across the veld.

Bulbinella robusta—Good spikes of yellow flowers, very early spring. Good

for cutting. Seed only.

Crinum Mooreii-Heads of lovely cup-shaped flowers, white shaded pink.

Bulbs 2/- each.

*Crinum longifolium-Handsome species-leaves 4 ft. or more. Very large heads of lily-like flowers. White, striped deep red. Splendid for tubs or large pots. 1/- each.

Dierama pendula-5 ft. sprays of delicate lavender or pink pendulous flowers.

4/- per dozen.

*D. media-A dwarf edition of D. pendula. Stems 2½ ft. Very attractive. 5/-Eucomis undulata—Arrangement of flowers resembles a pineapple. 6/- per

Ferraria undulata—Cream flower with bright brown waved segments. Maroon

Romulea ochroleuca—Blooms midsummer, very attractive with quantities of ivory flowers with satiny sheen in tufts of dark green grass-like foliage. 5/- per dozen.

Montbretia crocosmoeflora—Good orange and red species. 3/6 per dozen. Nerine filifolia-A most profuse bloomer in autumn. Flowers deep pink with narrow crinkled segments. Excellent for cutting. 4/- per dozen, £1 5s. per 100, £10 per 1,000.

Richardia Elliotiana var. maculata-Good yellow arum with maroon spot

inside spathe. 1/6 each. Seed, 1/6 per dozen, 10/6 per 100.

R. Rehmannii—Flowers a charming shade of old rose pink. Seed 2/- per dozen, 12/6 per 100. Bulbs 1/6 each. Satyrium carneum—A very beautiful orchid. Spikes 2-3 ft. Deep pink. 6/-

Scilla Natalense—Four foot spikes of pale blue flowers. Excellent for cutting.

7/6 per dozen.

S. Masoni resembles S. Peruviana, but flowers better spaced. Deep blue. 6/- per dozen.

Synotia bicolor—Resembles a small gladiolus. Flower cream marked violet.

Very charming. Flowers very early spring—splendid for pot culture.

S. Metelerkampiae—Flowers much larger, deep violet. Very uncommon and charming plant. 7/6 per dozen.

Strelitzia reginae The handsome Crane flower. Seed only, 1/6 per dozen.

S. augusta—Also very handsome and rare. Seeds 3/- per dozen.

Streptanthera cuprea—Very striking species resembles Sparaxis. Flowers tangerine with petunia coloured centre outlined by a circle in black.

Tulbaghia violace—Heads of flowers of a delightful lavender colour. Unfortunately flowers have true Allium scent.

T. latifolia-Flowers same colour, larger heads and deliciously fragrant

Excellent for cutting. 6/- per dozen.

*Vallota purpurea or George Lily. Known in England as Scarborough Lily.

Large bright scarlet flowers. Price 6/- per dozen, £2 per 100.

*Veltheimia viridifolia—Somewhat larger than V. glauca, leaves brilliant green.

Flowers very early spring. An excellent pot plant. 1/6 each.

V. glauca-Flowers winter. Foliage very decorative. Seed only 2/- per doz.

Composites.

(Seed in 1/6 packets.)

South Africa is renowned for its wealth of brilliantly coloured daisy flowers. These are mostly very easy to grow and keep the garden gay in the hottest and driest summer. Raised in slight heat and planted out when frosts are over.

Perennials are marked *. All these may be treated as annuals where winters are severe.

ARCTOTIS.

*Arctotis aspera—Perennial, making clumps 4 ft. through very dark green leaves and good yellow flowers in great profusion.

*A. stochadifolia—Habit of A. revoluta, foliage grey, covering several square feet of ground. Flowers large, soft crimson with a white ring round the disc.

A. grandis—Annual with silver-blue or white flowers, grey foliage. Height 2 ft.

*A. speciosa hybrids—Very large flower on stems 1 ft. or more. Crimson, orange, deep red, cinnamon or yellow. Blooms 4 in. across. Perennial, but where winters are severe may be treated as half hardy annual. A splendid species, will stand frost.

*A. hybrid—Semi-prostrate. Very large blooms in varying shades of brown

and terra-cotta.

*A. revoluta—Prostrate, grey foliage. Flower golden yellow, red on reverse of ray florets. Flowers stand up well on good stems. Excellent for cutting.

*A. squarrosa—Good bush with large deep orange flowers on 2 ft. stems.
*Arctotis new sp.—Dwarf bush with silver foliage 1½ ft. Flower stems 3-4 ft.,

then rigid, large lemon yellow flowers. Rare at present.

*A. Fosteri—Flattish bushes. Leaves near the ground. Flower stalks 2 ft. Flowers deep salmon with red and black eye. One of the best of the new introductions.

*Aster fruticosa—Perennial, making clumps 1 to 2 ft. high and as much in diameter. Covered with lavender flowers. Flower spring.

DIMORPHOTHECA.

- D. nudicaulis—Annual, 1 ft. Large gleaming white blooms with petunia ring round centre.
- **D. cuneata**—Perennial growing into a solid 3 ft. bush covered with brilliant white flowers, bronze on the reverse.

*D. Chrysanthemifolia—Perennial. Bush 2 to 4 ft. covered with good golden yellow blooms.

*D. chrysanthemifolia variety—Probably a hybrid. Perennial. Large primrose-yellow blooms slightly deeper shade on the reverse. Mauve centres. Long blooming period. Seed scarce.

*D. Ecklonis-Sturdy bush covered with large white blooms, blue on the

reverse, blue disc.

D. calendulacea—Ray florets, good orange yellow, deep copper ring round disc. Height 1 ft.

*D. Spectabilis—Another very fine introduction. Flowers deep pink with shining black centres on long thin stems.

FELICIA.

- *Felicia Aethiopica—A compact 3 ft. bush covered with sky blue flowers with yellow centres. Flowers winter.
- *F. rotundifolia-Tiny sky-blue daisy with yellow centre.
- F. Bergeriana—The famous "Kingfisher Daisy." An easily grown annual.
- F. adfinis-Slightly smaller and a more lavender blue.
- *F. elongatus—Large flowers a beautiful shade of blue, sometimes white with a conspicuous crimson ring. Height 9 in.

GAZANIA.

- *Gazania pavonia—Compact plant. Very large brilliant orange flowers with ring of dark brown in which are attractive patterns in blue.
- *G. Pottsii—Very large blooms in varying shades of yellow and orange, stems over 1 ft.
- *G. longiscapa—Very large blooms on 2 ft. stems, yellow shading to orange with dark ring.

*G. pinnata var.—The most brilliant of all, flowers a dazzling red.

*G. pygmae—Very dark foliage with grey reverse, shining white flowers with gold centres. Seed scarce.

GERBERA.

- *Gerbera Jamesonii—The well-known Barberton Daisy, large blooms on 2 ft. stems, brilliant scarlet. Perennial. Seed 50 for 1/6.
- *G. Jamesonii hybrids— splendid strain of these wonderful flowers in shades of lemon, orange, salmon, flame, etc. Seed 50 for 2/-.

Composites various

Charieis heterophylla—The best of the blue daisies. Deep blue with blue centre. Annual. 9 inches.

Ursinia new sp.—Annual. 18 in. Large brick-red flowers with black or brown centre. Quite new and very showy.

Tripteris hyoserioides, 2 ft.—Panicles of good deep yellow flowers, 2 ins. across, sometimes 5 open at a time.

Ursinia anethoides—Flowers large, orange with dark ring. Very large foliage. Height 1 to 1½ ft. Annual. Very showy and easy to grow.

Senecio arenarius—Annual Cineraria. 1½ ft. Quantities of rosy-lilac blooms. Vernonia glabra—Plant 4 ft. with big heads of cornflower-blue flowers.

*Helichrysum argenteum—Very attractive plant for dry walls or rock garden.

Makes mats of shining silver foliage at end of summer. Covered with tiny golden blossoms.

Perennials other than Composites.

(Seeds 2/- per packet.)

- Ceratotheca triloba—Annual which may become perennial. 5 ft. Leaves and growth of a giant mallow with flowers of a large penstemon or foxglove, violet in colour. Much branched and free flowering. An excellent introduction for the herbaceous border.
- Sutera grandiflora—4 to 5 ft. Much branched and covered with heads of lavender flowers resembling plumbago. Very hardy when once started and a perennial bloomer. Hot, dry situation.
- Roella ciliata—Plants make compact clumps about 9 inches high, wiry, close, foliage resembling a heath. Flowers large light-cobalt blue with dark blue centres. Ideal rock garden plant and charming in a pan in the cool greenhouse.
- Lobelia Fergusoniae—Spikes of brilliant blue flowers 2 to 3 ft. Blooms all summer, very showy for herbaceous border.
- L. coronopifolia—Dwarf Lobelia with large flowers on long thin stem. Always in bloom.
- Wahlenbergia arenarius—An attractive annual. Height 1½-2 ft. Quantities of pale blue flowers with darker veining. Remains in bloom for months and lasts well when cut.

PELARGONIUM.

- P. fulgidum—Mountain species showing itself very adaptable to garden conditions.
- P. zonale—Near the garden type of zonal pelargonium. Large brilliant salmon blooms.
- P. echinatum—Very dark leaves spreading or hanging trusses of white flowers with deep maroon markings. Excellent for walls or rockwork.
- Monsonia speciosa—One of our showiest spring flowers. Large blooms, white or pale pink veined deeper pink. Neat growing, makes excellent border. Perennial, comes easily from seed, flowers freely.

OXALIS.

These Oxalis species have been specially selected for good blooms and neat habit. Those species which are apt to get out of control and over-run the rock garden are not listed. Tubers of all these are somewhat scarce at present, price 3/- per half dozen.

Oxalis variabiis-Delicate foliage, shell pink blooms.

- O. glabra—Good white blooms with frilly appearance.
- O. obtusa var.—Pink flowers.
- O. lanata-Flowers pink.
- O. luteola-Flowers very good yellow.
- O. species-Bigger than the others, stems and under side of leaves dark red.

Trees, Shrubs and Climbers.

36

I am now making a speciality of flowering shrubs and have been able to make five valuable additions to my list.

Bolusanthus speciosus—Requires very hot and dry conditions. Sprays of lavender-blue flowers. Tree resembles a standard wistaria.

Clematopsis species—A standard Clematis with quantities of pink flowers. Exposed and dry situation.

Aitonia capensis—The beautiful "Klapperbos" which lights up the Karroo with its cerise lanterns on bushes usually not more than 10 ft. Full sunshine, dry situation.

Greyia Sutherlandia—Compact bush, about 6 ft. Large dark green leaves and sprays of scarlet bottle-brush flowers.

Adenandra fragrans—Highly aromatic shrub reaching 5 ft., covered with very attractive pink flowers. Long blooming season.

While none of these will stand much frost, many will grow in sheltered corners if given some protection in the winter. The showiest Protea is P. cyanaroides, with deep pink blossoms 9 inches across.

Thunbergia alata is a decorative greenhouse climber and Sutherlandia frutescens particularly attractive with its grey foliage and scarlet pea-flowers.

Bauhinia Galpini.

Erythrina Zeyheri.

E. caffra.

E. Humeana.

Leonotus Leonorus.

Leucadendron argenteum.

Abutilen sonneratianum

Leucospermum conocarpum.

Hibiscus penduncularis.

Plumbago capensis.

Protea mellifera.

Protea mellifera var. alba.

barbigera.

neriifolia.

grandiflora.

cynaroides.

pityphylla.

Putterlickia pyracantha.

Pycnostachys urticifolia.

Sutherlandia frutescens.

Virgilia capensis.

Thunbergia alata.

Packets 1/- each, containing not less than 1 dozen seeds. Prices for seedlings or young bushes on application.